Highland Estates

Level 1 Reserve Study



Report Period - 01/01/2021 - 12/31/2021

Client Reference Number	18790
Property Type	Townhouse
Number of Units	52
Fiscal Year End	12/31

Type of Study	Full Study
Date of Property Inspection	1/20/2021
Prepared By	Dale Gifford
Analysis Method	Cash Flow
Funding Goal	Full Funding

Report prepared on – Thursday, February 11, 2021



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• Component Evaluation

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Glossary of Commonly used Words and Phrases

Executive Summary – Highland Estates - ID # 18790

Information to complete this Reserve Study was gathered by performing an on-site inspection of the common area elements. In addition, we also obtained information by contacting any vendors and/or contractors that have worked on the property recently, as well as communicating with the property representative (BOD Member and/or Community Manager). To the best of our knowledge, the conclusions and recommendations of this report are considered reliable and accurate insofar as the information obtained from these sources.

Projected Starting Balance as of 01/01/2021	\$12,300
Ideal Reserve Balance as of 01/01/2021	\$353,498
Percent Funded as of 01/01/2021	3%
Recommended Reserve Contribution (per month)	\$4,950
Recommended Special Assessment	\$0

Highland Estates is a 52-unit Condominium community. The community offers a playground, and landscaped areas as amenities. Construction on the community was completed in 2001.

Currently Programmed Projects

Projects programmed to occur this fiscal year (FY2021) include front doors repaint (Comp# 204), asphalt seal coat (Comp# 402), and concrete partial repair/replace. We have programmed an estimated \$24,500 in reserve expenditures toward the completion of these projects. (See page 15)

Significant Reserve Projects

The association's significant reserve projects are roofs replace (Comp# 105), vinyl siding replace (Comp# 302), vinyl fencing replace (Comp# 1008), and asphalt major rehab (Comp# 401). The fiscal significance of these components is approximately 34%, 29%, 8%, and 6% respectively (see page 9). A component's significance is calculated by dividing its replacement cost by its useful life. In this way, not only is a component's replacement cost considered but also the frequency of occurrence. These components most significantly contribute to the total monthly reserve contribution. As these components have a high level of fiscal significance the association should properly maintain them to ensure they reach their full useful lives.

Reserve Funding

In comparing the projected starting reserve balance of \$12,300 versus the ideal reserve balance of \$353,498 we find the association's reserve fund to be approximately 3% funded. This indicates a weak reserve fund position. In order to continue to strengthen the account fund, we suggest adopting a monthly reserve contribution of \$4,950 (\$95.19/unit) per month. If the contribution falls below this rate, then the reserve fund may fall into a situation where special assessments, deferred maintenance, and lower property values are likely at some point in the future.

Introduction

Reserve Study Purpose

The purpose of this Reserve Study is to provide the Association with a budgeting tool to help ensure that there are adequate reserve funds available to perform future reserve projects. The detailed schedules will serve as an advance warning that major projects will need to be addressed in the future. This will allow the Association to have ample time to obtain competitive bids for each project. It will also help to ensure the physical well-being of the property and ultimately enhance each owner's investment, while limiting the possibility of unexpected major projects that may lead to special assessments.

Preparer's Credentials

Mr. Gifford has been working in the community association industry for the last 16 years. Prior to taking a position, as the Regional Project Manager covering the Utah region, at Complex Solutions, he worked in community association management in Utah. While in community association management his positions included, Maintenance Supervisor, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of Community Management. His work in community association management gave him extensive experience with; budget creation, reserves and reserve budgeting, community inspections and analyzing common area components.

- Professional Reserve Analyst (PRA) designation from Association of Professional Reserve Analysts (APRA), PRA #2320
- Reserve Specialist (RS) designation from Community Associations Institute (CAI), RS# 231
- Personally has prepared over 1,400 reserve studies in Salt Lake City Utah and surrounding areas
- Bachelor of Science in Chemistry from Emporia State University
- Certified Manager of Community Associations® (CMCA®) designation from the National Board of Certification for Community Association Managers (NBC-CAM)
- Association Management Specialist® (AMS®) designation from Community Associations Institute (CAI)
- Professional Community Association Manager® (PCAM®) designation from Community Associations Institute (CAI), PCAM# 1740,
- Active member and former Board member and chapter President of the Utah Chapter of Community Associations Institute (UCCAI)
- Recipient of Community Associations Institute's (CAI) annual award of Excellence in Chapter Leadership for service an achievement in 2010

Budget Breakdown

Every association conducts their business within a budget. There are typically two main parts to this budget, the Operating budget and the Reserve budget. The operating budget includes all expenses that occur on an annual basis as well as general maintenance and repairs. Typical operating budget line items include management fees, maintenance expenses, utilities, etc. The reserve budget is primarily made up of replacement items such as roofing, fencing, mechanical equipment, etc., that do not normally occur on an annual basis.

Report Sections

Reserve Analysis: this section contains the evaluation of the association's reserve balance, income, and expenses. It includes a finding of the client's current reserve fund status (measured as percent funded) and a recommendation for an appropriate reserve allocation rate (also known as the funding plan).

Component Evaluation: this section contains information regarding the physical status and replacement cost of reserve components the association is responsible to maintain. It is important to understand that while the component inventory will remain relatively "stable" from year to year, the condition assessment and life estimates will most likely vary from year to year.

General Information and Frequently Asked Questions

Is it the law to have a Reserve Study conducted?

The Government requires a reserve study in approximately 20 states. Also, the Association's governing documents may require a reserve fund be established. This does not mean a Reserve Study is required, but how are you going to know if you have enough money in the reserve fund if you do not have the proper information?

Why is it important to perform a Reserve Study?

This report provides the essential information that is needed to guide the Association in establishing the reserve portion of the total monthly assessment. The reserve fund is critical to the future of the association because it helps ensure that reserve projects can be completed on time. When projects are completed on time, deferred maintenance and the lower property values that typically accompany it can be avoided. It is suggested that a third party professionally prepare the Reserve Analysis Study since there is no vested interest in the property.

After we have a Reserve Study, what do we do with it?

Please take the time to review the report carefully and make sure the component information is complete and accurate. If there are any inaccuracies, or changes such as a component that the association feels should be added, removed, or altered, please inform us immediately so we may revise the report. Use the report to help establish your budget for the upcoming fiscal year.

How often do we review and update our Reserve Study?

There is a misconception that a Reserve Study is good for an extended period of time since the report has projections for a thirty year period. The assumptions, interest rates, inflation rates and other information used to create this report change each year. Scheduled events may not happen, unpredictable circumstances could occur, deterioration rates can be unpredictable and repair/replacement costs will vary from causes that are unforeseen. These variations alter the results of the Reserve Study. The Reserve Study should be professionally reviewed each year by having a Level III "no site visit" update reserve study performed. The Reserve Study should be professionally updated every three years by having a Level II "site visit" update reserve study performed.

What is a "Reserve Component" versus an "Operating Component"?

A "Reserve" component is an item that is the responsibility of the association to maintain, has a limited useful life, predictable remaining useful life, typically occurs on a cyclical basis that exceeds one year, and costs above a minimum threshold amount. An "Operating" component is typically a fixed expense that occurs on an annual basis.

What are the GREY areas of "maintenance" items that are often seen in a Reserve Study?

One of the most popular questions revolves around major "maintenance" items, such as painting the buildings or seal coating the asphalt. You may hear from your accountant that since painting or seal coating is not replacing a "capital" item, it cannot be considered a reserve component. However, it is the opinion of several major Reserve Study providers, including Complex Solutions, that these components meet the criteria of a reserve component.

Information and Data Gathered:

The information contained in this report is based on estimates and assumptions gathered from various sources. Estimated life expectancies are based upon conditions that were readily visible and accessible at the time of the site visit. While every effort has been made to ensure accurate results, this report reflects the judgment of Complex Solutions, Ltd. and should not be construed as a guarantee or assurance of predicting future events.

What happens during the Site Visit?

During the site visit we identify the common area components that we have determined require reserve funding. These components are quantified and a physical condition is observed. The site visit is conducted on the common areas as reported by client.

What is the Financial Analysis?

We project the starting balance by taking the most recent reserve fund balance as stated by the client and add expected reserve contributions to the end of the fiscal year. We then subtract the expenses of any pending projects. We compare this number to the Fully Funded Balance and arrive at the Percent Funded level. Based on that level of funding we then recommend a Funding Plan to help ensure the adequacy of funding in the future.

Measures of reserve fund financial strength are as follows:

- 0% 30% Funded is considered a "weak" financial position. Associations that fall into this category are more likely to have special assessments and deferred maintenance. Action should be taken to improve the financial strength of the reserve fund.
- 31% 69% Funded is considered a "fair" financial position. Associations that fall into this category are less likely to experience special assessments and deferred maintenance than being in a weak financial position. Action should be taken to improve the financial strength of the reserve fund.
- 70% 99% Funded is considered a "strong" financial position. Associations that fall into this category are less likely to experience special assessments and deferred maintenance than being in a fair financial position. Action should be taken to improve the financial strength of the reserve fund.
- **100% Funded** is considered an "ideal" financial position. Action should be taken to maintain the financial strength of the reserve fund.

Disclosures:

Information provided to the preparer of a reserve study by an official representative of the association regarding financial, historical, physical, quantitative or reserve project issues will be deemed reliable by the preparer. A reserve study will be a reflection of information provided to the preparer of the reserve study. The total of actual or projected reserves required as presented in the reserve study is based upon information provided that was not audited.

A reserve study is not intended to be used to perform an audit, an analysis of quality, a forensic study or a background check of historical records. An on-site inspection conducted in conjunction with a reserve study should not be deemed to be a project audit or quality inspection.

The results of this study are based on the independent opinion of the preparer and his experience and research during the course of his career in preparing Reserve Studies. In addition the opinions of experts on certain components have been gathered through research within their industry and with client's actual vendors. There is no implied warrantee or guarantee regarding our life and cost estimates/predictions. There is no implied warrantee or guarantee in any of our work product. Our results and findings will vary from another preparer's results and findings. A Reserve Study is necessarily a work in progress and subsequent Reserve Studies will vary from prior studies.

The projected life expectancy of the reserve components and the funding needs of the reserves of the association are based upon the association performing appropriate routine and preventative maintenance for each component. Failure to perform such maintenance can negatively impact the remaining useful life of the component and dramatically increase the funding needs of the reserves of the association.

This Reserve Study assumes that all construction assemblies and components identified herein are built properly and are free from defects in materials and/or workmanship. Defects can lead to reduced useful life and premature failure. It was not the intent of this Reserve Study to inspect for or to identify defects. If defects exist, repairs should be made so that the construction components and assemblies at the community reach the full and expected useful lives.

Site Visits: Should a site visit have been performed during the preparation of this reserve study no invasive testing was performed. The physical analysis performed during the site visit was not intended to be exhaustive in nature and may have included representative sampling. Estimated life expectancies and life cycles are based upon conditions that were readily accessible and visible at the time of the site visit. We have assumed any and all components have been properly built and will reach normal, typical life expectancies. A reserve study is not intended to identify or fund for construction defects. We did not and will not look for or identify construction defects during our site visit. In addition, environmental hazards (such as lead paint, asbestos, radon, etc.), have been excluded from this report.

Update Reserve Studies:

Level II Studies: Quantities of major components as reported in previous reserve studies are deemed to be accurate and reliable. The reserve study relies upon the validity of previous reserve studies.

Level III Studies: In addition to the above we have not visited the property when completing a Level III "No Site Visit" study. Therefore we have not verified the current condition of the components.

Insurance: We carry general and professional liability insurance as well as workers' compensation insurance.

Actual or Perceived Conflicts of Interest: There are no potential actual or perceived conflicts of interest that we are aware of.

Inflation and Interest Rates: The after tax interest rate used in the financial analysis may or may not be based on the clients reported after tax interest rate. If it is, we have not verified or audited the reported rate. The inflation rate may also be based on an amount we believe appropriate given the 30-year horizon of this study and may or may not reflect current or historical inflation rates.

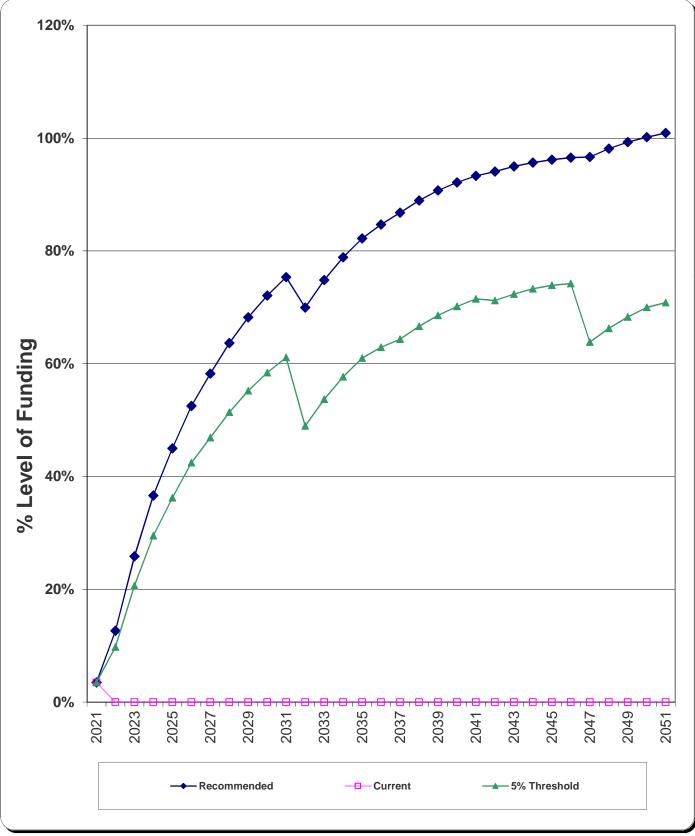
Funding Summary

Beginning Assumptions

# of units	52
Fiscal Year End	31-Dec
Budgeted Monthly Reserve Allocation	\$0
Projected Starting Reserve Balance	\$12,300
Ideal Starting Reserve Balance	\$353,498
Economic Assumptions	
Projected Inflation Rate	3.00%
Reported After-Tax Interest Rate	0.10%
Current Reserve Status	
Current Balance as a % of Ideal Balance	3%
Recommendations	
Recommended Monthly Reserve Allocation	\$4,950
Per Unit	\$95.19
Future Annual Increases	3.00%
For number of years:	30
Increases thereafter:	0.00%
5% Threshold Monthly Reserve Allocation Reference	\$4,050
Per Unit	\$77.88
Future Annual Increases	3.00%
For number of years:	30
Increases thereafter:	0.00%
Changes From Prior Year	
Recommended Increase to Reserve Allocation	\$4,950
as Percentage	0%



Percent Funded - Graph





Component Inventory									
Category ID #		Component Name	Useful Life (yrs.)	Remainir Useful Lif (yrs.)	- Doot	Worst Cost			
Roofing	105	Roofs - Replace	25	25	\$282,000	\$283,000			
	120	Rain Gutters/Downspouts - Replace	30	10	\$21,000	\$24,000			
Painted Surfaces	204	Front Doors - Repaint	10	0	\$6,000	\$7,000			
Siding Materials	302	Vinyl Siding - Replace	50	30	\$426,000	\$548,000			
	390	Vinyl Shutters - Replace	40	20	\$12,000	\$16,000			
Drive Materials	401	Asphalt - Major Rehab	30	10	\$51,000	\$67,000			
	402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	5	0	\$7,000	\$8,000			
	403	Concrete - Partial Repair/Replace	10	0	\$10,000	\$11,000			
Prop. Identification	n 803	Mailboxes - Replace	N/A		\$0	\$0			
Fencing	1008	Vinyl Fencing - Replace	30	10	\$76,000	\$87,000			
Recreation Equip.	1301	Play Structure - Replace	25	24	\$11,000	\$12,000			
	1303	Play Area Groundcover - Replace	15	14	\$14,900	\$15,000			
	1307	Bench - Replace	N/A		\$0	\$0			
	1390	Swing Set - Replace	40	20	\$2,000	\$3,000			
Light Fixtures	1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Front - Replace	e 20	15	\$12,000	\$14,000			
	1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Rear - Replac	e 20	3	\$4,000	\$5,000			
Landscaping	1812	Landscaping & Irrigation System - Rer	10v 20	10	\$15,000	\$20,000			

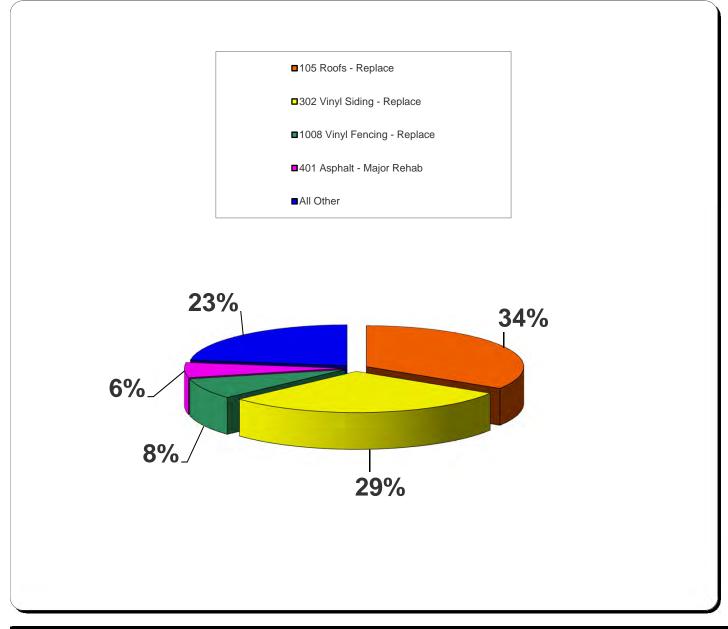


Significant Components

ID #	Component Name	Useful Life	Remaining Useful Life	Average Current	Significance: (Curr Cost/UL)		
		(yrs.)	(yrs.)	Cost	As \$	As %	
105	Roofs - Replace	25	25	\$282,500	\$11,300	33.9416%	
120	Rain Gutters/Downspouts - Replace	30	10	\$22,500	\$750	2.2528%	
204	Front Doors - Repaint	10	0	\$6,500	\$650	1.9524%	
302	02 Vinyl Siding - Replace		30	\$487,000	\$9,740	29.2558%	
390	0 Vinyl Shutters - Replace		20	\$14,000	\$350	1.0513%	
401	Asphalt - Major Rehab		10	\$59,000	\$1,967	5.9072%	
402	2 Asphalt - Seal Coat		0	\$7,500	\$1,500	4.5055%	
403	03 Concrete - Partial Repair/Replace		0	\$10,500	\$1,050	3.1539%	
1008	Vinyl Fencing - Replace	30	10	\$81,500	\$2,717	8.1600%	
1301	Play Structure - Replace	25	24	\$11,500	\$460	1.3817%	
1303	03 Play Area Groundcover - Replace		14	\$14,950	\$997	2.9937%	
1390	90 Swing Set - Replace		20	\$2,500	\$63	0.1877%	
1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Front - Replace	20	15	\$13,000	\$650	1.9524%	
1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Rear - Replace	20	3	\$4,500	\$225	0.6758%	
1812	Landscaping & Irrigation System - Rend	20	10	\$17,500	\$875	2.6282%	



Significant Components - Graph



ID # Component Name		Useful Life	Remaining Useful Life	Average Current	Significa (Curr Co	
		(yrs.)	(yrs.)	Cost	As \$	As %
105	Roofs - Replace	25	25	\$282,500	\$11,300	34%
302	Vinyl Siding - Replace	50	30	\$487,000	\$9,740	29%
1008	Vinyl Fencing - Replace	30	10	\$81,500	\$2,717	8%
401	Asphalt - Major Rehab	30	10	\$59,000	\$1,967	6%
All Other	See Expanded Table For Breakdown				\$7,569	23%

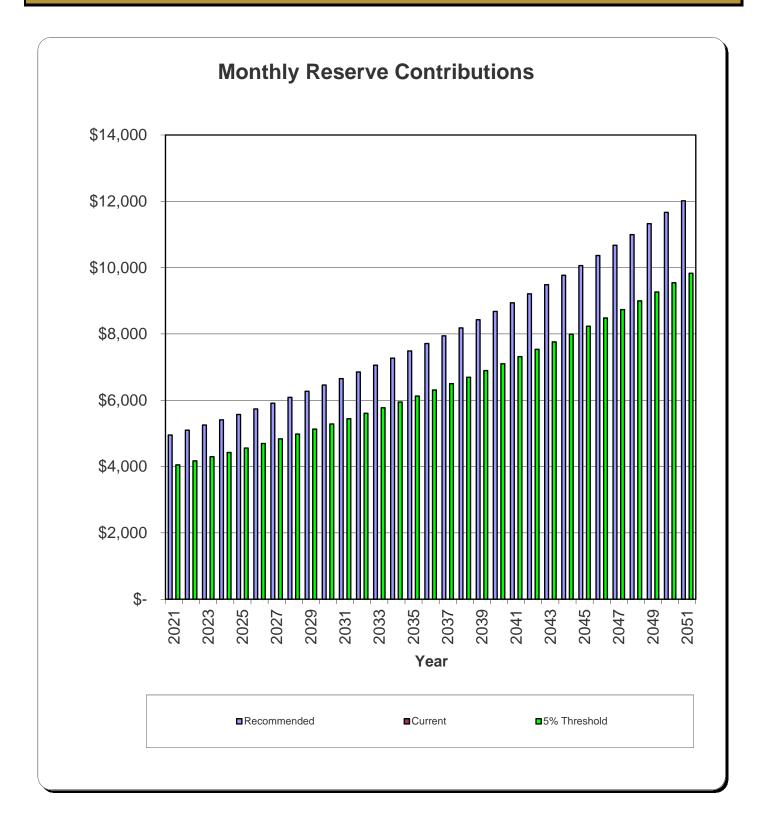


Yearly Summary

Year	Fully Funded	Starting Reserve	% Funded	Reserve Contributions	Interest Income	Reserve Expenses	Ending Reserve
	Balance	Balance		* = • • • • •	* ***	•	Balance
2021	\$353,498	\$12,300	3%	\$59,400	\$30	\$24,500	\$47,230
2022	\$373,160	\$47,230	13%	\$61,182	\$78	\$0	\$108,490
2023	\$419,674	\$108,490	26%	\$63,017	\$140 \$222	\$0	\$171,647
2024	\$468,644	\$171,647	37%	\$64,908	\$202	\$4,917	\$231,840
2025	\$515,110	\$231,840	45%	\$66,855	\$265	\$0	\$298,960
2026	\$569,158	\$298,960	53%	\$68,861	\$329	\$8,695	\$359,456
2027	\$617,031	\$359,456	58%	\$70,927	\$395	\$ 0	\$430,778
2028	\$676,487	\$430,778	64%	\$73,055	\$468	\$0	\$504,300
2029	\$738,956	\$504,300	68%	\$75,246	\$542	\$0	\$580,088
2030	\$804,563	\$580,088	72%	\$77,504	\$619	\$0	\$658,211
2031	\$873,443	\$658,211	75%	\$79,829	\$561	\$275,503	\$463,097
2032	\$661,963	\$463,097	70%	\$82,223	\$504	\$0	\$545,825
2033	\$729,289	\$545,825	75%	\$84,690	\$588	\$0	\$631,103
2034	\$800,058	\$631,103	79%	\$87,231	\$675	\$0	\$719,009
2035	\$874,418	\$719,009	82%	\$89,848	\$753	\$22,613	\$786,997
2036	\$929,228	\$786,997	85%	\$92,543	\$818	\$31,938	\$848,420
2037	\$977,633	\$848,420	87%	\$95,320	\$896	\$0	\$944,636
2038	\$1,061,989	\$944,636	89%	\$98,179	\$994	\$0	\$1,043,809
2039	\$1,150,527	\$1,043,809	91%	\$101,125	\$1,095	\$0	\$1,146,028
2040	\$1,243,421	\$1,146,028	92%	\$104,158	\$1,199	\$0	\$1,251,385
2041	\$1,340,854	\$1,251,385	93%	\$107,283	\$1,269	\$74,051	\$1,285,886
2042	\$1,366,741	\$1,285,886	94%	\$110,501	\$1,342	\$0	\$1,397,730
2043	\$1,471,535	\$1,397,730	95%	\$113,817	\$1,455	\$0	\$1,513,001
2044	\$1,581,387	\$1,513,001	96%	\$117,231	\$1,568	\$8,881	\$1,622,919
2045	\$1,687,358	\$1,622,919	96%	\$120,748	\$1,672	\$23,377	\$1,721,962
2046	\$1,783,607	\$1,721,962	97%	\$124,370	\$1,481	\$607,196	\$1,240,618
2047	\$1,283,502	\$1,240,618	97%	\$128,102	\$1,305	\$0	\$1,370,025
2048	\$1,395,960	\$1,370,025	98%	\$131,945	\$1,437	\$0	\$1,503,406
2049	\$1,514,009	\$1,503,406	99%	\$135,903	\$1,572	\$0	\$1,640,881
2050	\$1,637,886	\$1,640,881	100%	\$139,980	\$1,694	\$35,231	\$1,747,325



Reserve Contributions - Graph





Component Funding Information

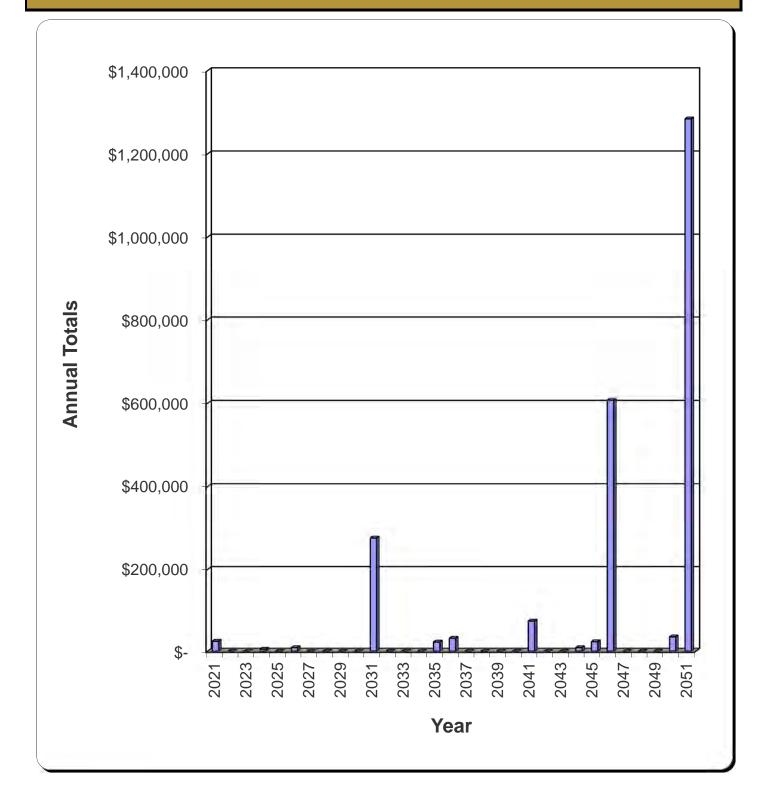
ID	Component Name	٩L	RUL	Quantity	Average Current Cost	ldeal Balance	Current Fund Balance	Monthly
105	Roofs - Replace	25	25	Approx 61,000 Sq.ft.	\$282,500	\$0	\$0	\$1,680.11
120	Rain Gutters/Downspouts - Replace	30	10	Approx 3,125 Linear ft.	\$22,500	\$15,000	\$0	\$111.51
204	Front Doors - Repaint	10	0	(52) Doors	\$6,500	\$6,500	\$6,500	\$96.64
302	Vinyl Siding - Replace	50	30	Approx 60,800 Sq.ft	\$487,000	\$194,800	\$0	\$1,448.16
390	Vinyl Shutters - Replace	40	20	(156) Shutters	\$14,000	\$7,000	\$0	\$52.04
401	Asphalt - Major Rehab	30	10	Approx 33,500 Sq.ft.	\$59,000	\$39,333	\$0	\$292.41
402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	5	0	Approx 33,500 Sq.ft.	\$7,500	\$7,500	\$5,800	\$223.02
403	Concrete - Partial Repair/Replace	10	0	Extensive Sq.ft.	\$10,500	\$10,500	\$0	\$156.12
1008	Vinyl Fencing - Replace	30	10	Approx 1,975 Linear ft.	\$81,500	\$54,333	\$0	\$403.92
1301	Play Structure - Replace	25	24	(1) Structure	\$11,500	\$460	\$0	\$68.39
1303	Play Area Groundcover - Replace	15	14	Approx 1,500 Sq.ft.	\$14,950	\$997	\$0	\$148.19
1390	Swing Set - Replace	40	20	(1) Swing Set	\$2,500	\$1,250	\$0	\$9.29
1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Front - Replace	20	15	(104) Fixtures	\$13,000	\$3,250	\$0	\$96.64
1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Rear - Replace	20	3	(52) Fixtures	\$4,500	\$3,825	\$0	\$33.45
1812	Landscaping & Irrigation System - Renovate	20	10	Extensive Sq.ft.	\$17,500	\$8,750	\$0	\$130.10
					\$1,034,950	\$353,498	\$12,300	\$4,950

Current Fund Balance as a percentage of Ideal Balance: 3%

	Yearly	Cash Flo	W		
Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Starting Balance	\$12,300	\$47,230	\$108,490	\$171,647	\$231,840
Reserve Income	\$59,400	\$61,182	\$63,017	\$64,908	\$66,855
Interest Earnings	\$30	\$78	\$140	\$202	\$265
Special Assessments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Funds Available	\$71,730	\$108,490	\$171,647	\$236,757	\$298,960
Reserve Expenditures	\$24,500	\$0	\$0	\$4,917	\$0
Ending Balance	\$47,230	\$108,490	\$171,647	\$231,840	\$298,960
Year	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Starting Balance	\$298,960	\$359,456	\$430,778	\$504,300	\$580,088
Reserve Income	\$68,861	\$70,927	\$73,055	\$75,246	\$77,504
Interest Earnings	\$329	\$395	\$468	\$542	\$619
Special Assessments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Funds Available	\$368,150	\$430,778	\$504,300	\$580,088	\$658,211
Reserve Expenditures	\$8,695	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ending Balance	\$359,456	\$430,778	\$504,300	\$580,088	\$658,211
Year	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
Starting Balance	\$658,211	\$463,097	\$545,825	\$631,103	\$719,009
Reserve Income	\$79,829	\$82,223	\$84,690	\$87,231	\$89,848
Interest Earnings	\$561	\$504	\$588	\$675	\$753
Special Assessments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Funds Available	\$738,600	\$545,825	\$631,103	\$719,009	\$809,610
Reserve Expenditures	\$275,503	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,613
Ending Balance	\$463,097	\$545,825	\$631,103	\$719,009	\$786,997
Year	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040
Starting Balance	\$786,997	\$848,420	\$944,636	\$1,043,809	\$1,146,028
Reserve Income	\$92,543	\$95,320	\$98,179	\$101,125	\$104,158
Interest Earnings	\$818	\$896	\$994	\$1,095	\$1,199
Special Assessments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Funds Available	\$880,358	\$944,636	\$1,043,809	\$1,146,028	\$1,251,385
Reserve Expenditures	\$31,938	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ending Balance	\$848,420	\$944,636	\$1,043,809	\$1,146,028	\$1,251,385
Year	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045
Starting Balance	\$1,251,385	\$1,285,886	\$1,397,730	\$1,513,001	\$1,622,919
Reserve Income	\$107,283	\$110,501	\$113,817	\$117,231	\$120,748
Interest Earnings	\$1,269	\$1,342	\$1,455	\$1,568	\$1,672
Special Assessments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Funds Available	\$1,359,937	\$1,397,730	\$1,513,001	\$1,631,800	\$1,745,340
Reserve Expenditures	\$74,051	\$0	\$0	\$8,881	\$23,377
Ending Balance	\$1,285,886	\$1,397,730	\$1,513,001	\$1,622,919	\$1,721,962
Year	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050
Starting Balance	\$1,721,962	\$1,240,618	\$1,370,025	\$1,503,406	\$1,640,881
Reserve Income	\$124,370	\$128,102	\$131,945	\$135,903	\$139,980
Interest Earnings	\$1,481	\$1,305	\$1,437	\$1,572	\$1,694
Special Assessments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Funds Available	\$1,847,814	\$1,370,025	\$1,503,406	\$1,640,881	\$1,782,555
Reserve Expenditures	\$607,196	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$35,231
Ending Balance	\$1,240,618	\$1,370,025	\$1,503,406	\$1,640,881	\$1,747,325



Yearly Reserve Expenditures - Graph





Projected Reserve Expenditures by Year

Year	ID #	Component Name	Projected Cost	Total Per Annum
2021	204	Front Doors - Repaint	\$6,500	
	402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	\$7,500	
	403	Concrete - Partial Repair/Replace	\$10,500	\$24,500
2022		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2023		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2024	1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Rear - Replace	\$4,989	\$4,989
2025		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2026	402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	\$8,908	\$8,908
2027		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2028		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2029		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2030		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2031	120	Rain Gutters/Downspouts - Replace	\$31,738	
	204	Front Doors - Repaint	\$9,169	
	401	Asphalt - Major Rehab	\$83,225	
	402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	\$10,579	
	403	Concrete - Partial Repair/Replace	\$14,811	
	1008	Vinyl Fencing - Replace	\$114,964	
	1812	Landscaping & Irrigation System - Renovate	\$24,685	\$289,173
2032		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2033		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2034		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2035	1303	Play Area Groundcover - Replace	\$24,199	\$24,199
2036	402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	\$12,565	
	1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Front - Replace	\$21,780	\$34,345
2037		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2038		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2039		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2040		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2041	204	Front Doors - Repaint	\$12,934	
	390	Vinyl Shutters - Replace	\$27,857	
	402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	\$14,923	
	403	Concrete - Partial Repair/Replace	\$20,893	
	1390	Swing Set - Replace	\$4,974	\$81,581
2042		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2043		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2044	1602	Exterior Light Fixtures - Rear - Replace	\$9,928	\$9,928
2045	1301	Play Structure - Replace	\$26,258	\$26,258
2046	105	Roofs - Replace	\$667,617	
	402	Asphalt - Seal Coat	\$17,724	\$685,341
2047		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2048		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2049		No Expenditures Projected		\$0
2050	1303	Play Area Groundcover - Replace	\$40,543	\$40,543

Component Evaluation

Comp #: 105 Roofs - Replace





Location: Building Roofs

Quantity: Approx 61,000 Sq.ft.

Life Expectancy: 25 Remaining Life: 25 Best Cost: \$282,000 Estimate to replace

Worst Cost: \$283,000 Higher estimate

Source of Information: Research with Client

Observations:

Research with the client reveals this component will be replaced 2021 with funds from an insurance claim. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 20 - 25 years. Remaining life based on current age

General Notes:



Comp #: 120 Rain Gutters/Downspouts - Replace





Location:Building ExteriorsQuantity:Approx 3,125 Linear ft.Life Expectancy:30Remaining Life: 10

Best Cost: \$21,000

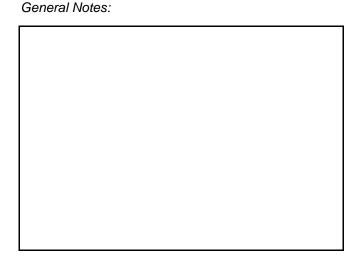
Estimate to replace

Worst Cost: \$24,000 Higher estimate

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The rain gutters and downspouts are in fair condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 25 - 30 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 204 Front Doors - Repaint



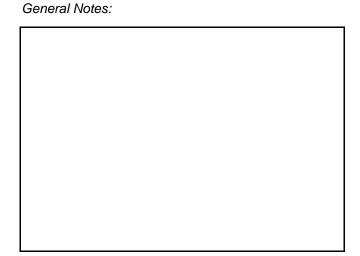


Location:	Unit	Entrances
Quantity:	(52) Doors	
<i>Life Expectancy: Best Cost:</i> Estimate to repair	10 Remaining Life: 0 \$6,000 nt	
Worst Cost: \$7 Higher estimate		00

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The painted door surfaces are in fair to poor condition. We recommend funding to repaint this component approximately every 6 - 8 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 302 Vinyl Siding - Replace

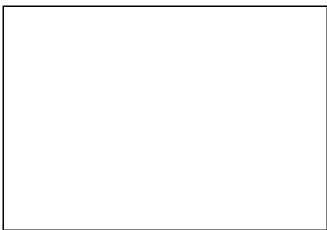




Location:	Building Exteriors		General Notes:	
Quantity:	Approx 60,800 Sq.ft			
Life Expectancy:	50	Remaining Life: 30		
Best Cost: \$426,000 Estimate to replace				
<i>Worst Cost:</i> Higher estimate	\$548	8,000		
Source of Information: CSL Cost Database				

Observations:

The vinyl siding is in good condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 40 - 50 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 390 Vinyl Shutters - Replace





Location: Building Exteriors

Quantity: (156) Shutters

Life Expectancy: 40 Remaining Life: 20

Best Cost: \$12,000

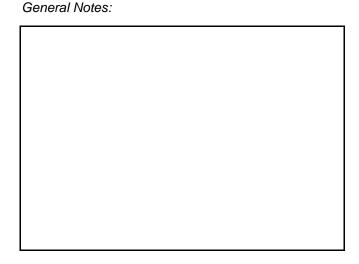
Estimate to replace

Worst Cost: \$16,000 Higher estimate

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The vinyl shutters are in fair condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 30 - 40 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 401 Asphalt - Major Rehab



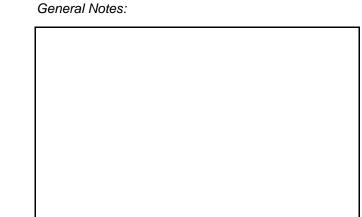


Location:	Community Streets
Quantity:	Approx 33,500 Sq.ft.
<i>Life Expectancy: Best Cost:</i> Estimate for majo	30 Remaining Life: 10 \$51,000 r rehab
<i>Worst Cost:</i> Higher estimate	\$67,000

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The asphalt surfaces are in good to fair condition. We recommend funding for a major rehab of this component approximately every 25 - 30 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 402 Asphalt - Seal Coat

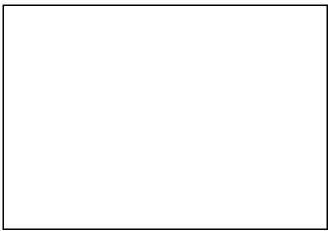




Location:	Community Streets		General Notes:	
Quantity:	Appr	ox 33,500 Sq.ft.		
Life Expectancy:	5	Remaining Life: 0		
Best Cost:	Best Cost: \$7,000			
Estimate for seal coat				
<i>Worst Cost:</i> Higher estimate	\$8,0	00		
Source of Information: CSL Cost Database				

Observations:

The asphalt seal coat is in poor condition. We recommend funding to seal this component approximately every 3 - 5 years. Remaining life based on current condition.





Comp #: 403 Concrete - Partial Repair/Replace

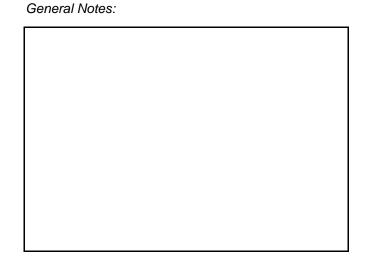




Location:	Curb/Gutter, Driveways, & Sidewalks			
Quantity:	Extensive Sq.ft.			
Life Expectancy:	10	Remaining Life: 0		
Best Cost:	\$10,000			
Allowance to repa	ir/repla	ace		
Worst Cost:	Worst Cost: \$11,000			
Higher allowance				
Source of Information: Research with Client				

Observations:

Research with the client reveals they have lifting and crack fill to perform in the next few years. This component has an extended useful life under normal conditions. We recommend funding to make repairs and partially replace this component approximately every 10 years. Remaining life based on current age.



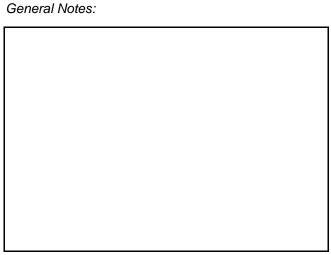


Comp #: 803 Mailboxes - Replace





Location:	Com	mon Area	Ger
Quantity:	(6) Stands		
Life Expectancy: Best Cost:	N/A \$0	Remaining Life:	
Worst Cost:	\$0		



Source of Information:

Observations:

Due to the minimal cost of replacing this component, reserve funding is not appropriate. Replace as necessary as an operating expense.



Comp #: 1008 Vinyl Fencing - Replace

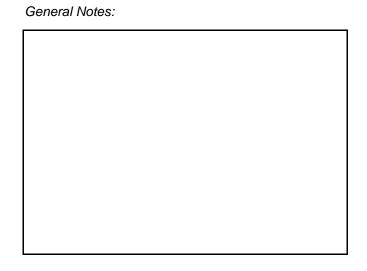




Location:	Front Porch, Patio, & Perimeter			
Quantity:	Approx 1,975 Linear ft.			
Life Expectancy:	30 Remaining Life: 10			
Best Cost:	\$76,000			
Estimate to replace	e			
Worst Cost: \$87,000 Higher estimate				
Source of Information: CSL Cost Database				

Observations:

The vinyl fencing is in good condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 25 - 30 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 1301 Play Structure - Replace



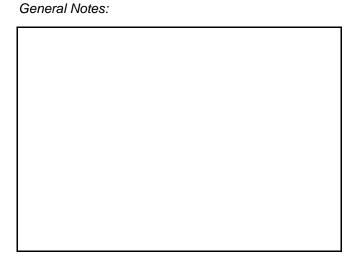


Location:	Play Area
Quantity:	(1) Structure
Life Expectancy: Best Cost: Estimate to replace	25 Remaining Life: 24 \$11,000 e
<i>Worst Cost:</i> Higher estimate	\$12,000

Source of Information: Research with Client

Observations:

The play structure is in good condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 20 - 25 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 1303 Play Area Groundcover - Replace



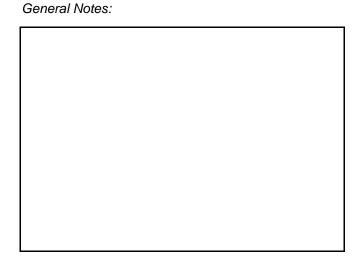


Location:	Play Area		
Quantity:	Approx 1,500 Sq.ft.		
Life Expectancy: Best Cost: Estimate to replace	15 <i>Remaining Life:</i> 14 \$14,900 e		
Worst Cost: Higher estimate	\$15,000		

Source of Information: Research with Client

Observations:

The play area groundcover is in good condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 15 - 20 years. Remaining life is based on current age.





Comp #: 1307 Bench - Replace





Location:	Play Area	General Notes:
Quantity:	(1) Bench	
Life Expectancy: Best Cost:	N/A Remaining Life: \$0	
Worst Cost:	\$0	

Source of Information:

Observations:

Due to the minimal cost of replacing this component, reserve funding is not appropriate. Replace as necessary as an operating expense.



Comp #: 1390 Swing Set - Replace



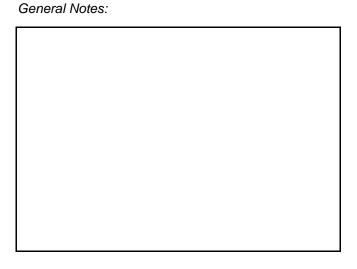


Location:	Play Area			
Quantity:	(1) Swing Set			
Life Expectancy:	40	Remaining Life: 20		
Best Cost:	\$2,000			
Estimate to replace				
Worst Cost:	\$3,0	00		
Higher estimate				

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The swing set is in fair condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 30 - 40 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 1602 Exterior Light Fixtures - Front - Replace





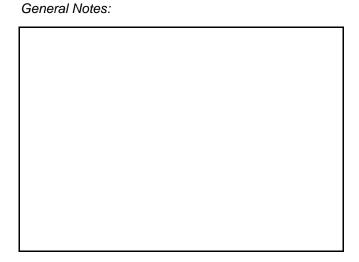
Location:	Build	ing Exteriors		
Quantity:	(104) Fixtures			
Life Expectancy:	20	Remaining Life: 15		
Best Cost:	\$12,000			
Estimate to replace				

Worst Cost: \$14,000 Higher estimate

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The exterior light fixtures are in good condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 16 - 20 years. Remaining life based on current age.





Comp #: 1602 Exterior Light Fixtures - Rear - Replace



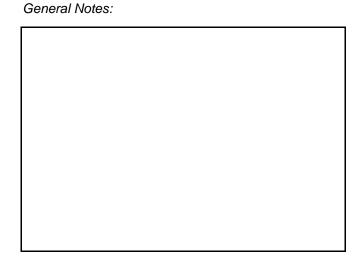


Location:	Building Exteriors	
Quantity:	(52) Fixtures	
Life Expectancy: Best Cost: Estimate to replace	20 Remaining Life: 3 \$4,000 se	
<i>Worst Cost:</i> Higher estimate	\$5,00	00

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The exterior light fixtures are in fair to poor condition. We recommend funding to replace this component approximately every 16 - 20 years. Remaining life based on current age and condition.





Comp #: 1812 Landscaping & Irrigation System - Renovate



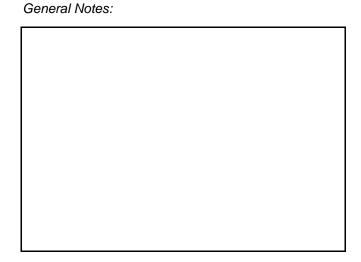


Location:	Common Area	
Quantity:	Extensive Sq.ft.	
Life Expectancy: Best Cost: Allowance to reno	20 Remaining Life: 10 \$15,000 vate	
Worst Cost: Higher estimate	\$20,0	000

Source of Information: CSL Cost Database

Observations:

The landscaping and irrigation system are in good to fair condition. We recommend funding for an allowance to renovate the landscaping and irrigation system approximately every 20 years. Remaining life based on current age and condition.





Glossary of Commonly Used Words And Phrases

(Provided by the National Reserve Study Standards of the Community Associations Institute)

Cash Flow Method – A method of developing a reserve funding plan where contributions to the reserve fund are designed to offset the variable annual expenditures from the reserve fund. Different reserve funding plans are tested against the anticipated schedule of reserve expenses until the desired funding goal is achieved.

Component – Also referred to as an "Asset." Individual line items in the Reserve Study developed or updated in the physical analysis. These elements form the building blocks for the Reserve Study. Components typically are: 1) Association responsibility, 2) with limited useful life expectancies, 3) have predictable remaining life expectancies, 4) above a minimum threshold cost, and 5) required by local codes.

Component Full Funding – When the actual (or projected) cumulative reserve balance for all components is equal to the fully funded balance.

Component Inventory – The task of selecting and quantifying reserve components. This task can be accomplished through on-site visual observations, review of association design and organizational documents, a review of established association precedents, and discussion with appropriate association representatives.

Deficit – An actual (or projected reserve balance), which is less than the fully funded balance.

Effective Age – The difference between useful life and remaining useful life (UL - RUL).

Financial Analysis – The portion of the Reserve Study where current status of the reserves (measured as cash or percent funded) and a recommended reserve contribution rate (reserve funding plan) are derived, and the projected reserve income and expenses over time is presented. The financial analysis is one of the two parts of the Reserve Study.

Fully Funded Balance – An indicator against which the actual (or projected) reserve balance can be compared. The reserve balance that is in direct proportion to the fraction of life "used up" of the current repair or replacement cost of a reserve component. This number is calculated for each component, and then summed together for an association total.

FFB = Current Cost * Effective Age / Useful Life

Fund Status – The status of the reserve fund as compared to an established benchmark, such as percent funded.

Funding Goals – Independent of calculation methodology utilized, the following represent the basic categories of funding plan goals:

- *Baseline Funding*: Establishing a reserve-funding goal of keeping the reserve balance above zero.
- *Component Full Funding*: Setting a reserve funding goal of attaining and maintaining cumulative reserves at or near 100% funded.
- *Threshold Funding*: Establishing a reserve funding goal of keeping the reserve balance above a specified dollar or percent funded amount.

Funding Plan – An association's plan to provide income to a reserve fund to offset anticipated expenditures from that fund.



Funding Principles –

- Sufficient funds when required
- Stable contributions through the year
- Evenly distributed contributions over the years
- Fiscally responsible

GSF - Gross Square Feet

Life and Valuation Estimates – The task of estimating useful life, remaining useful life, and repair or replacement costs for the reserve components.

LF - Linear Feet

Percent Funded – The ratio, at a particular point in time (typically the beginning of the fiscal year), of the actual (or projected) reserve balance to the ideal fund balance, expressed as a percentage.

Physical Analysis – The portion of the Reserve Study where the component evaluation, condition assessment, and life and valuation estimate tasks are performed. This represents one of the two parts of the Reserve Study.

Remaining Useful Life (RUL) – Also referred to as "remaining life" (RL). The estimated time, in years, that a reserve component can be expected to continue to serve its intended function. Projects anticipated to occur in the current fiscal year have a "0" remaining useful life.

Replacement Cost – The cost of replacing, repairing, or restoring a reserve component to its original functional condition. The current replacement cost would be the cost to replace, repair, or restore the component during that particular year.

Reserve Balance – Actual or projected funds as of a particular point in time (typically the beginning of the fiscal year) that the association has identified for use to defray the future repair or replacement of those major components that the association is obligated to maintain. Also known as "reserves," "reserve accounts," or "cash reserves." In this report the reserve balance is based upon information provided and is not audited.

Reserve Study – A budget-planning tool, which identifies the current status of the reserve fund and a stable and equitable funding plan to offset the anticipated future major common area expenditures. The Reserve Study consists of two parts: The Physical Analysis and the Financial Analysis.

Special Assessment – An assessment levied on the members of an association in addition to regular assessments. Governing documents or local statutes often regulate special assessments.

Surplus – An actual (or projected) reserve balance that is greater than the fully funded balance.

Useful Life (UL) – Also known as "life expectancy." The estimated time, in years, that a reserve component can be expected to serve its intended function if properly constructed and maintained in its present application of installation.

